Nutrient-dependent role of the outer membrane porin OprF in *Pseudomonas aeruginosa* biofilm formation

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Why study biofilm matrix proteins?

- Extracellular biofilm matrix protects resident cells from external stressors
- Relatively understudied matrix component
- Structural and biochemical functions within the matrix

OprF is a matrix protein

P. aeruginosa flow cell biofilms

Whole Biofilm Proteome

Extracellular Biofilm Proteome

Lyse cells
Then biotinylate proteins

Biotinylate proteins
Then remove cells

Purify using streptavidin column

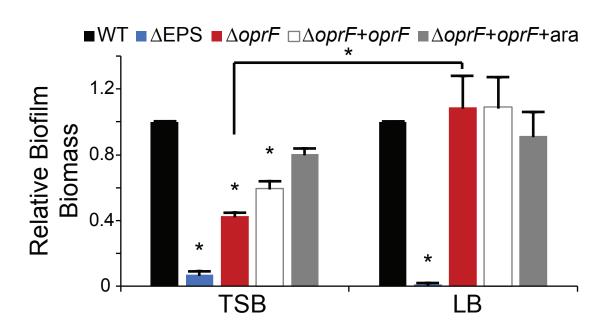
Quantitative proteomic profiling

Proteins enriched in the extracellular versus the whole proteome



- Major non-specific outer membrane porin
- Homolog of E. coli OmpA
- Necessary for full virulence

OprF mutant biofilm formation



Biomass normalized to WT in same medium. Error bars, SEM (N=3); *, statistically different from WT in same medium (p < 0.05, ANOVA with post hoc Bonferroni).

The effect of OprF on biofilm formation is nutrient-dependent

Major media differences





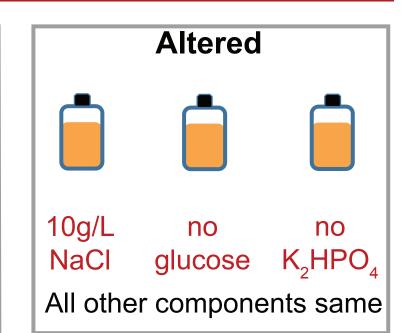
• 10g/L NaCl

- 5g/L NaCl
- 2.5g/L glucose
- 2.5g/L K₂HPO₄

We hypothesize that differential TSB vs. LB $\triangle oprF$ biofilm formation is dependent on media components

Static biofilm assay in altered media

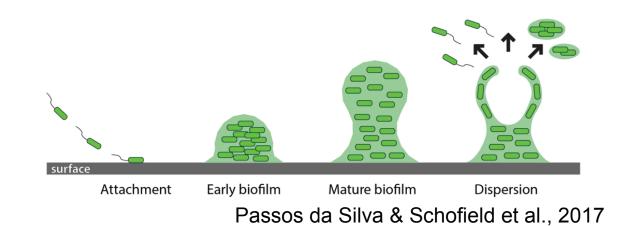




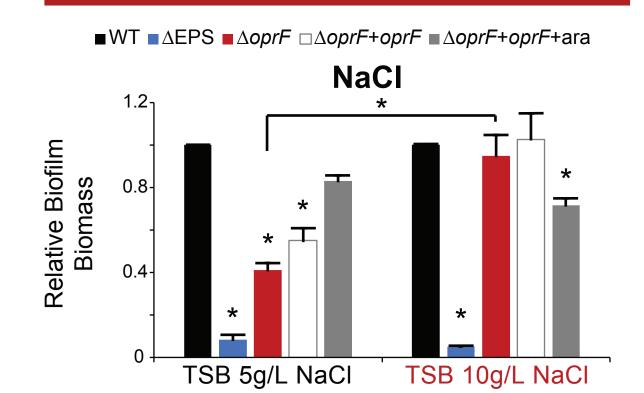


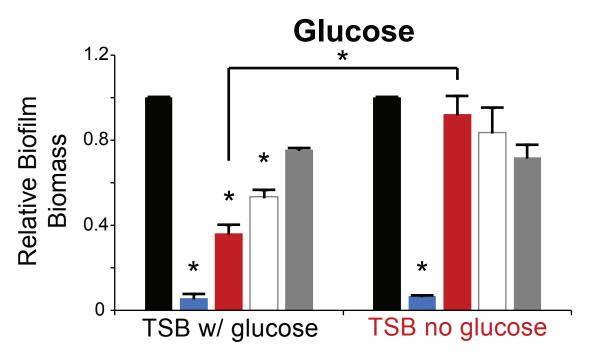
- 1) Inoculate strains into 96-well plate in medium of interest at 37°C
- 2) Remove planktonic cells and wash wells with water
- 3) Stain attached biomass with crystal violet
 - 4) Solubilize stained biomass with acetic acid and read absorbance at OD₅₅₀

Stages of biofilm formation



Altered media effects on $\triangle oprF$ biofilm



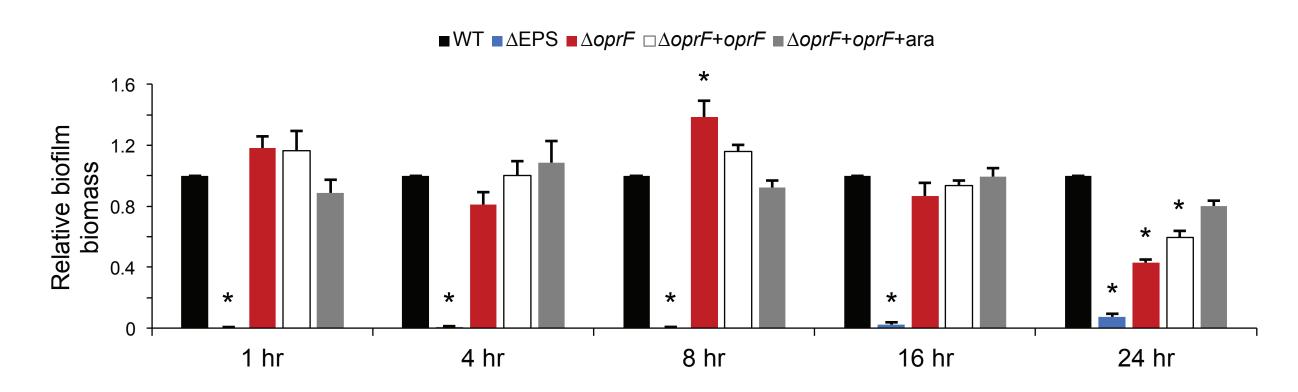


24-hr biomass normalized to WT in same medium. Error bars, SEM (N=3); *, statistically different from WT in same medium (p < 0.05, ANOVA with post hoc Bonferroni).

- K₂HPO₄ had no effect
- Reciprocal effects in LB

Nutrient-dependent effect of OprF on biofilm formation is due to NaCl and glucose concentrations

What are the temporal effects of OprF on biofilm formation?



Biomass normalized to WT at same time point. Error bars, SEM (N=3); *, statistically different from WT at same time point (p < 0.05, ANOVA with post hoc Bonferroni).

OprF affects late-stage static biofilm formation in TSB, between 16-24 hours

Future Directions

- Intracellular mechanisms behind nutrientdependence: envelope stress response and c-di-GMP levels
- Extracellular effects: OprF mutant biofilm rescue by applying exogenous OprF

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